IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA

LARRY LAMB,)
Plaintiff,)
v.) Case No: 7:16-cv-44-FL
BLAKE WALLACE, et al.,) Hon. Louise W. Flanaga
Defendants.)
)

ADJUSTED FINAL CASE MANAGEMENT ORDER

This matter is before the Court on the parties Joint Motion for Final Adjustments to the Court's Case Management Order. The parties have shown good cause and the Motion is GRANTED. The revised case management order is as follows:

I. Discovery

- A. The parties shall exchange by **May 15, 2017** any further information required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(1).
- B. Discovery will be necessary on the following subjects: reference is made to the discovery proposed to be undertaken in the parties' joint report and plan.
- C. All fact discovery shall be commenced or served in time to be completed by **June 15, 2018.**
- D. The parties did not raise any issues regarding electronically stored information and privileged materials.
- E. No party shall serve more than 25 interrogatories, including all discrete

- subparts, to any other party. Responses are due 30 days after service of those interrogatories.
- F. No party shall serve more than 25 requests for admissions to any other party.

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- G. There shall be no more than 15 depositions by each plaintiff and 15 by each defendant.
- H. Each deposition shall be limited to 7 hours, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.
- I. Disclosures required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2), including reports from retained experts, shall be served by plaintiffs by **June 15, 2018**, and by defendants by **July 15, 2018**. The parties shall serve any objections to such disclosures, other than objections pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 702, 703, or 705, <u>Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals, Inc.</u>, 509 U.S. 579 (1993), <u>Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael</u>, 526 U.S. 137 (1999) or similar case law, **within 14 days** after service of the disclosures upon them. These objections should be confined to technical objections related to the sufficiency of the written expert disclosures (e.g., whether all of the information required by Rule 26(a)(2) has been provided, such as lists of prior testimony and publications). These objections need not extend to admissibility of the expert's proposed testimony. If such technical objections are served, counsel shall confer or make a reasonable effort to confer before filing any motion based on those objections.

- J. Supplementations of disclosures under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(e) shall be served at such times and under such circumstances as required by that rule. In addition, such supplemental disclosures shall be served by April 15, **2018**. The supplemental disclosures served 40 days before the deadline for completion of all discovery must identify the universe of all witnesses and exhibits that probably or even might be used at trial other than solely for impeachment. The rationale for the mandatory supplemental disclosures 40 days before the discovery deadline is to put opposing counsel in a realistic position to make strategic, tactical, and economic judgments about whether to take a particular deposition (or pursue follow-up "written" discovery) concerning a witness or exhibit disclosed by another party before the time allowed for discovery expires. Counsel should bear in mind that seldom should anything be included in the final Rule 26(a)(3) pretrial disclosures that has not previously appeared in the initial Rule 26(a)(1) disclosures or a timely Rule 26(e) supplement thereto; otherwise, the witness or exhibit probably will be excluded at trial. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(c)(1).
- K. To avoid the filing of unnecessary motions, the court encourages the parties to utilize stipulations regarding discovery procedures. However, this does not apply to extensions of time that interfere with the deadlines to complete all discovery, for the briefing or hearing of a motion, or for trial. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 29. Nor does this apply to modifying the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(a)(2) concerning experts' reports.

- L. Discovery in this case may be governed by a protective order. If the parties disagree concerning the need for, and/or the scope or form of, a protective order, the party or parties seeking such an order shall file an appropriate motion and supporting memorandum. If the parties agree concerning the need for and scope and form of a protective order, their counsel shall confer and then submit a jointly proposed protective order as soon as is practicable.
 - 1. A jointly proposed protective order shall include, in the first paragraph, a concise but sufficiently specific recitation of the particular facts in this case that would provide the court with an adequate basis upon which to make the required finding of good cause for issuance of the protective order pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).
 - 2. Any proposed protective order shall set out the procedure for filing under seal confidential documents, things, and/or information, pursuant to the requirements of Stone v. University of Maryland Medical System Corp., 855 F.2d 178, 180-181 (4th Cir. 1988).

 Specifically, a proposed protective order shall include the following language: "Each time a party seeks to file under seal confidential documents, things, and/or information, said party shall accompany the request with a motion to seal and a supporting memorandum of law specifying (a) the exact documents, things, and/or information, or portions thereof, for which filing under seal is requested; (b) where it necessary for the court to determine the source of the public's right to

access before a request to seal may be evaluated, whether any such request to seal seeks to overcome the common law or the First

Amendment presumption to access; (c) the specific qualities of the material at issue which justify sealing such material, taking into account the balance of competing interests in access; (d) the reasons why alternatives to sealing are inadequate; and, (e) whether there is consent to the motion. Finally, in addition to the motion and supporting memorandum, said party must set out such findings in a proposed order to seal for the court."

- 3. Before ruling on any motion to seal the court will give the public notice of the motion and a reasonable opportunity to challenge it. While individual notice is unwarranted, the court will docket the motion reasonably in advance of deciding the issue, or, where applicable, the court will notify persons present in courtroom proceedings of the motion. The court will rule favorably upon any motion to seal only after carefully weighing the interest advanced by the movant and those interests favoring public access to judicial documents and records and only upon finding that the interests advanced by the movant override any constitutional or common law right of public access which may attach to the documents, things, and/or information at issue.
- 4. The parties are directed to Section T of the court's Electronic Case

 Filing Administrative Policies and Procedures Manual, available online

at http://www.nced.uscourts.gov/pdfs/cmecfPolicyManual.pdf, for information regarding how to file and serve sealed documents through the court's Case Management / Electronic Case Filing system ("CM/ECF").

II. Motions

- A. Any motion requesting relief shall be accompanied at time of filing with a proposed form of order, stating its requested relief.
- B. Any further motion for leave to join additional parties or to otherwise amend the pleadings shall be filed by plaintiff by **April 15, 2017.**
- C. All potentially dispositive motions shall be filed by **August 15, 2018**. All motions to exclude testimony of expert witnesses pursuant to Federal Rules of Evidence 702, 703, or 705, <u>Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharmaceuticals</u>, Inc., 509 U.S. 579 (1993), <u>Kumho Tire Co. v. Carmichael</u>, 526 U.S. 137 (1999), or similar case law, shall be filed by the deadline set for dispositive motions.
- D. Any motion to compel discovery shall be filed and served within 30 days of the act or omission in discovery complained of, after good faith effort between the parties to resolve the matter, unless the time for filing such a motion is extended for good cause shown. Prior to any filing, the complaining party shall convene a conference among the parties and this court by telephone through the office of the case manager, at (252) 638-8534. In the event of a discovery dispute of or relating to written discovery, the party convening the conference shall send via facsimile transmittal directed to the

case manager at (252) 638-1529, the submissions in discovery most directly bearing on the particular dispute, for the court's review in advance of telephonic conference. Motions to compel filed after the deadline and/or without advance conference with the court, absent extenuating circumstances, summarily will be denied. Disputes in discovery which are reduced to writing, timely filed, and where conference with this court in advance of filing has been unable to resolve said dispute, ordinarily will be referred to a magistrate judge for ruling.

E. Any motion to continue must conform with the requirements set forth in Local Civil Rule 6.1, and also include a detailed statement as to the reason for the requested continuance or extension of time together with the proposed order. Continuances will be granted only upon showing of good cause, particularly focusing upon the evidence of diligence by the party seeking delay and of prejudice that may result if the continuance is denied.

III. Alternative Dispute Resolution ("ADR")

- A. A settlement procedure is required in virtually every case, to be conducted before the close of discovery if the case is automatically selected for mediation pursuant to Local Alternative Dispute Rule 101.1a(b) or before the final pretrial conference if not automatically selected.
- B. This case has been automatically selected for mediation. Reference is made to Local Alternative Dispute Rule 101.1 *et seq.* for required deadlines.
- C. If at any time a settlement is reached, it shall be reported immediately to this

court. The parties shall refer to Local Alternative Dispute Rule 101.1e for their specific obligations.

IV. Pretrial and Trial Scheduling

After the court has ruled on any dispositive motion(s), the court will enter a scheduling order governing deadlines and procedures for final pretrial conference and trial, as appropriate.

This case management order shall not be modified except by leave of court upon a showing of good cause, and all requirements set forth in the court's Local Civil Rules governing pretrial and trial procedures not altered herein shall be strictly observed.

SO ORDERED, this the $\frac{23\text{rd}}{1}$ day of $\frac{\text{February}}{1}$, 2018.

United States District Court Judge